

J.P. Morgan 6th Annual Diversified Industrials Conference

Frank Sklarsky

Executive Vice President & Chief Financial Officer

June 7, 2011

Forward-Looking Statements / Safe Harbor

Certain statements in this presentation are "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of the U.S. Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. All forward-looking statements involve risks and uncertainties. All statements contained herein that are not clearly historical in nature are forward looking, and the words "anticipate," "believe," "expect," "estimate," "project" and similar expressions are generally intended to identify forward-looking statements. Any forward-looking statement contained herein, in press releases, written statements or other documents filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"), or in Tyco's communications and discussions with investors and analysts in the normal course of business through meetings, webcasts, phone calls and conference calls, regarding expectations with respect to sales, earnings, cash flows, operating and tax efficiencies, product expansion, orders, backlog, the consummation and benefits of acquisitions and divestitures, as well as financings and repurchases of debt or equity securities, are subject to known and unknown risks, uncertainties and contingencies are beyond our control, and may cause actual results, performance or achievements to differ materially from anticipated results, performances or achievements. Factors that might affect such forward-looking statements include, among other things:

- economic and competitive conditions in the industries, end Flow Control segment;
- results and consequences of Tyco's internal investigations and governmental investigations concerning the Company's governance, management, internal controls and operations including its business operations outside the United States;

 potential impairment of our goodwill and/or our long-lived assets; the impact of fluctuations in the price of Tyco common shares; risks associated with the change in our jurisdiction of incorporation.
- the outcome of litigation, arbitrations and governmental
- effect of income tax audit settlements and appeals:

- overall economic and business conditions and overall demand for other capital market conditions, including availability of funding sources and currency exchange rate fluctuations;
- economic and political conditions in international markets, including markets and regions served by our businesses, in particular our Flow Control segment: governmental changes and restrictions on the ability to transfer capital
- changes in tax requirements (including tax rate changes, new tax laws or treaties and revised tax law interpretations);
 the ability to achieve cost savings in connection with the company's strategic restructuring and "Growing Lean" initiatives;

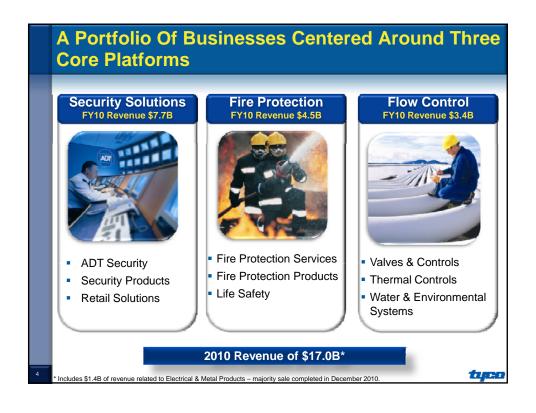
 - risks associated with the change in our jurisdiction of incorporation from Bermuda to Switzerland, including the possibility of reduced flexibility with respect to certain aspects of capital management, increased or different regulatory burdens, and the possibility that we may not realize anticipated tax benefits:
- our ability to repay or refinance our outstanding indebtedness as it matures and our ability to operate within the limitations imposed by financing arrangements and to maintain our credit ratings;
 interest rate fluctuations and other changes in borrowing costs;
 interest rate fluctuations and other changes in borrowing costs;

Tyco is under no obligation (and expressly disclaims any obligation) to update its forward-looking statements.

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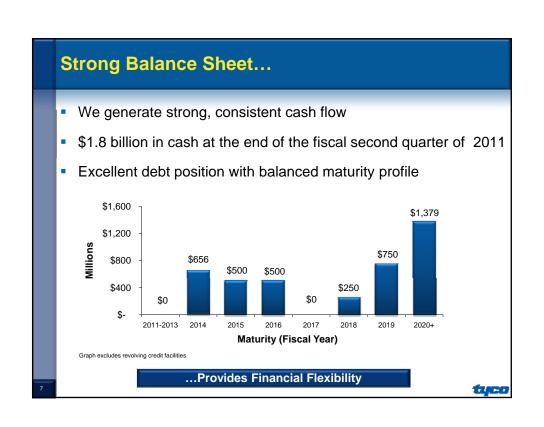
Tyco International Highlights

- A focused portfolio of industry leading businesses in Security Products and Services, Fire Protection Products and Services and Flow Control Technology
- Strong global presence with attractive end markets
 - Increasing opportunities in emerging/growth markets
- Large and growing service revenue 45% of annual revenue
- Strong balance sheet, cash flow generation and financial flexibility

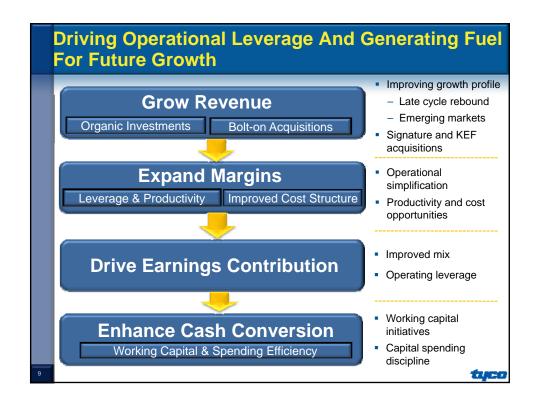


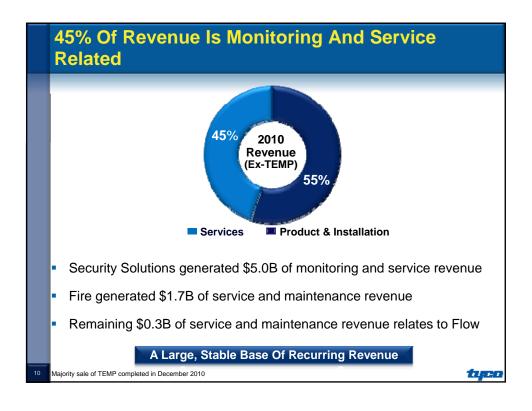














Strong Operating Margin In Security Solutions...







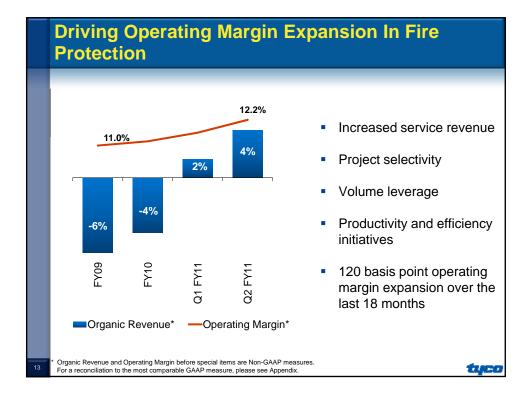


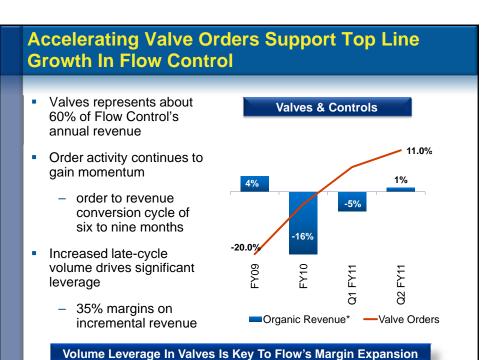


- Recurring revenue growth in the 4-5% range
 - Key metrics trending well
 - Internally generated and dealer accounts are delivering strong returns
- Nice turnaround in non-recurring revenue with midsingle digit organic revenue growth
 - Strong order growth in both systems installation and security products
- Integration of Broadview acquisition on track
- Operating margin expansion in all geographic regions

...With Additional Runway Ahead

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Bolt-On Acquisitions To Strengthen, Grow and Expand Our Presence In Core Global Platforms

Organic Revenue is a Non-GAAP measures. For a reconciliation to the most comparable GAAP measure, please see Appendix

- Signature Security
 - A leading security provider in the Australia and New Zealand markets
 - Broadens sales, installation and service capabilities in addition to synergy opportunities
- KEF Holdings
 - Long-standing supplier relationship with Flow
 - Establishes local manufacturing presence in the Middle
 East only fully integrated valve manufacturer in the region
 - Ability to leverage world class foundry

Additional Opportunities In The Pipeline

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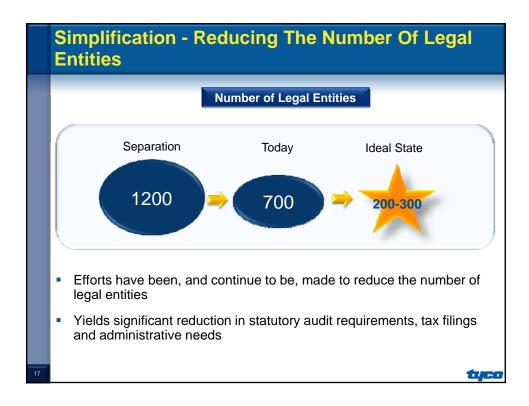
Growing Lean: "Turning Size Into Scale"

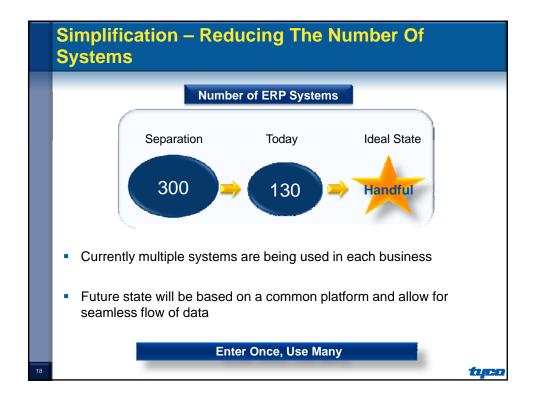
- Legacy acquisitions never fully integrated, resulting in numerous locations, systems and administrative complexity
- Complex organizational structure has resulted in a higher cost base than many of our peers
 - G&A as a percentage of sales is approximately 13%-14%
- Best in class for a company with our mix of service, installation and product sales should approximate 10%

BIG Opportunity To Streamline And Simplify How We Operate

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Simplification – Reducing Back Office Structure

- Substantially rationalizing our back office structure
 - Going from seventeen North American accounting centers to two
 - Centralizing accounting centers in Europe and Asia-Pacific
 - Reducing eighteen global consolidation points to one
- Utilizing a shared service and hub-and-spoke approach will result in...
 - Reduced complexity
 - More timely information
 - Less costly infrastructure
 - More value added mix of service

Improving The Time And Cost Of Output

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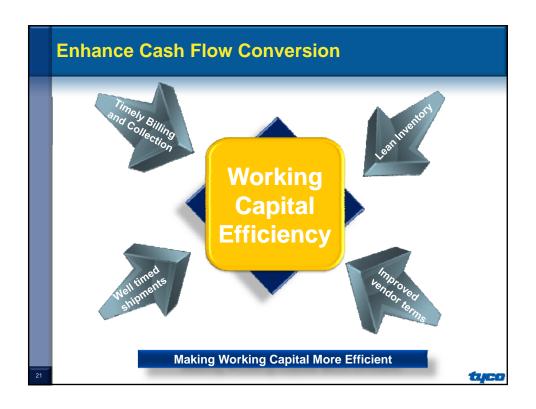
Productivity And Cost Opportunities Via Simplification

- Simplification should drive productivity and cost savings in all businesses and corporate functions
- Upfront investment with quick payback
- Expect structural G&A savings of \$400 \$600 million over the next 3 to 4 years
 - Portion of savings to be re-invested for future growth
 - Portion to benefit the bottom line

Reduction In Complexity Drives Savings

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Financial Metrics Continue To Improve

_	F	Y08A	F	Y09A	- 1	FY10A	FY11E	
Organic Revenue Growth *		4%		(4)%	,	(3)%		
Operating Margin *		10.3%		10.0%		10.5%		
EPS	\$	2.99	\$	2.33	\$	2.68	\$3.02 - \$3.07	

- Operating margin improvement through the economic downturn
 - Margin expansion helped by past restructuring actions and productivity and cost containment initiatives
- Late cycle businesses improving
- Simplification underway

Growing Revenue, Operating Margin And EPS

* Excludes Electrical and Metal Products. Organic Revenue and Operating Margin before special items are Non-GAAP measure For a reconciliation to the most comparable GAAP measure, please see Appendix.

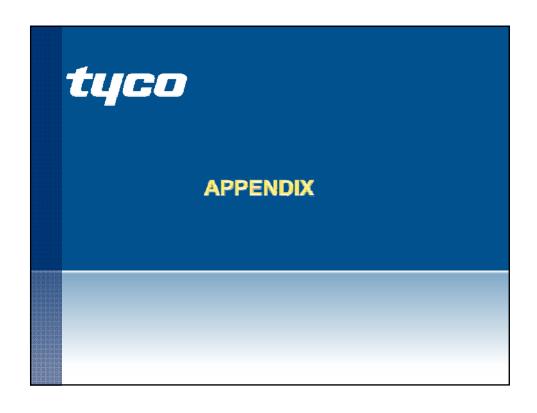
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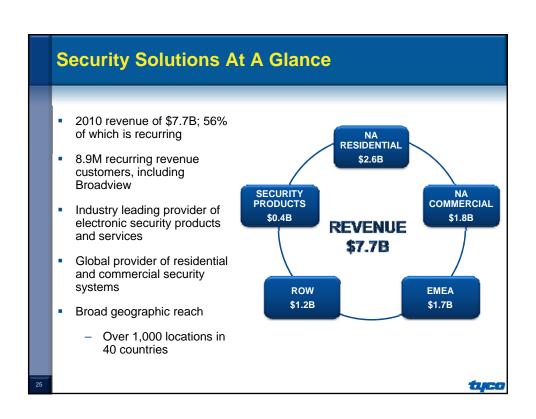
Tyco International Summary

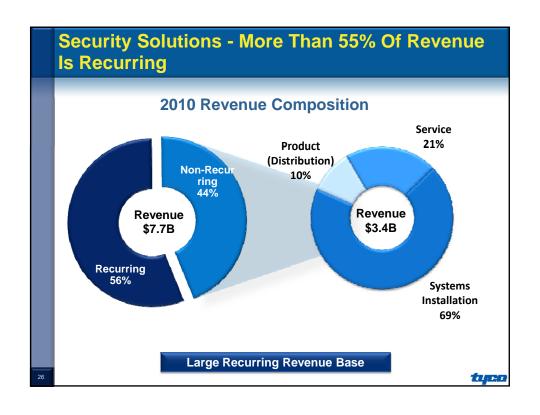
- Improving growth profile led by late cycle businesses
- Simplification initiatives and productivity improvements to fuel margin expansion
 - "Turning Size into Scale"
- Improving mix and operating leverage to drive higher earnings
- Working capital and spend efficiency to enhance cash conversion
- Strong balance sheet provides financial flexibility

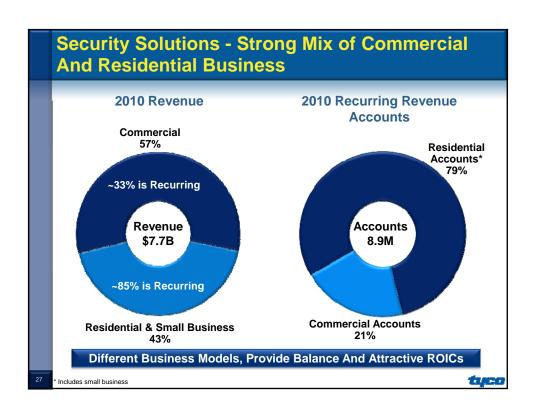
Positioned For A Stronger Future

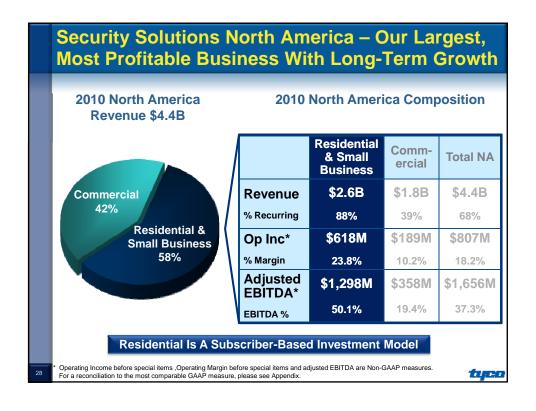
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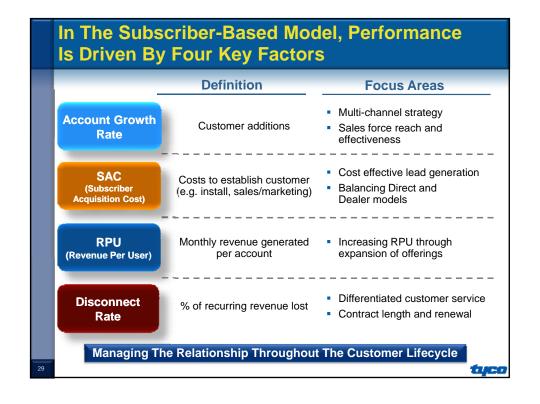


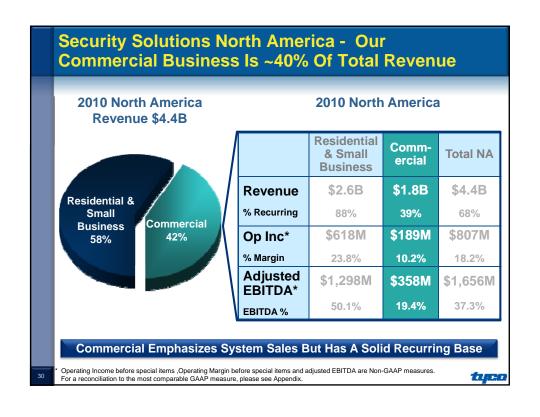


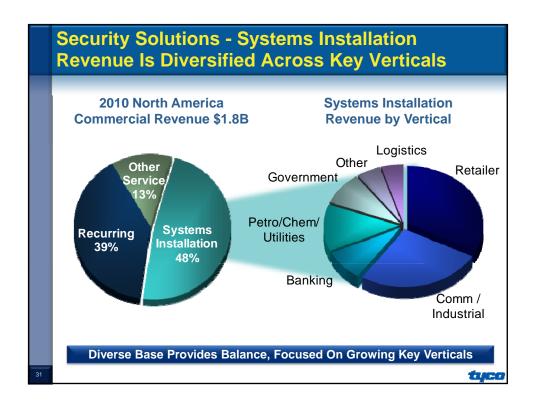


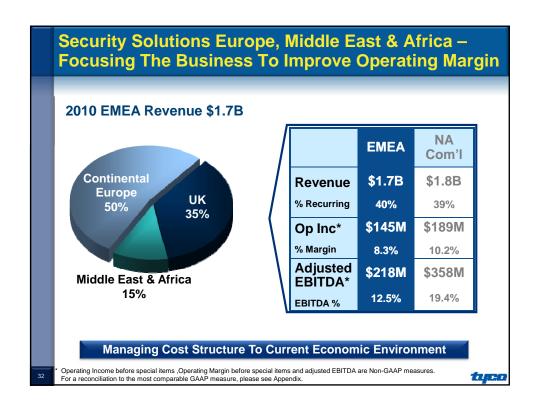


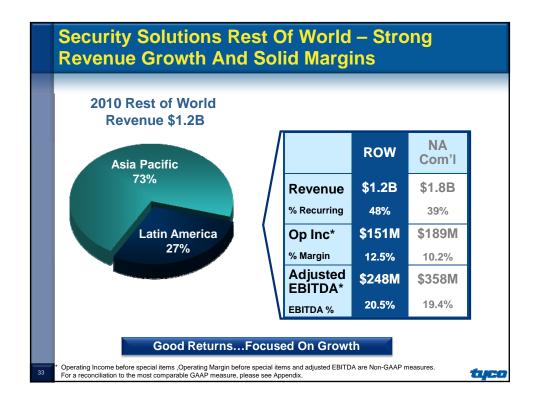




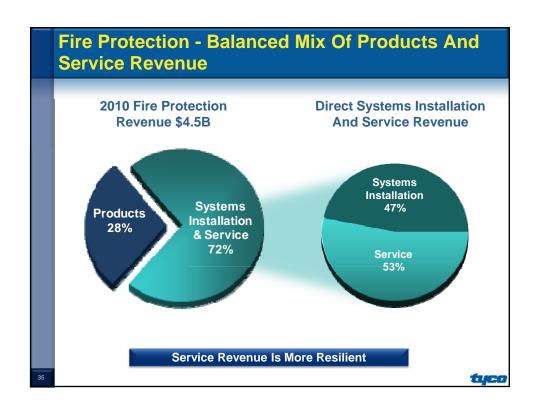


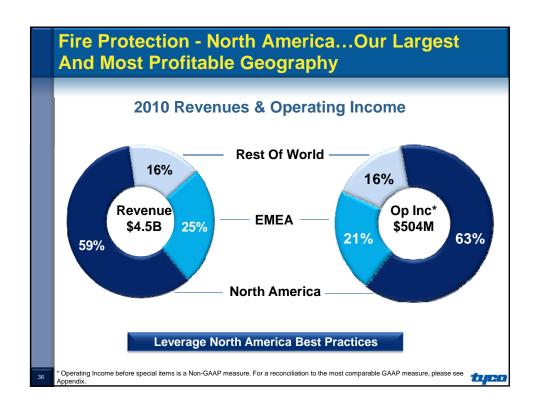






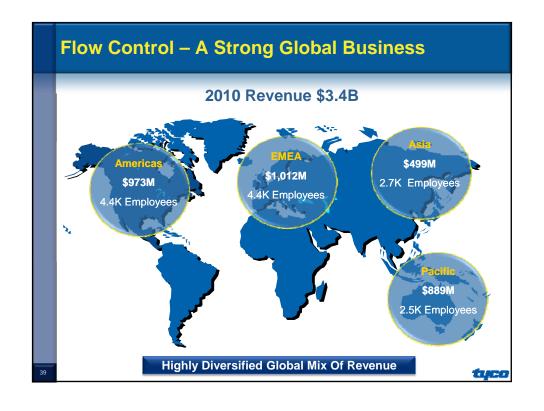
Fire Protection At A Glance SimplexGrinnell 2010 Revenue of \$4.5B Global provider of fire protection and life SCIIT safety products and service Strong market position with leading **WWORMFLD** technologies Attractive industry with good growth ANSUL opportunities Grinnell[®] Diversified customer base 16 engineering Centers of Excellence TOTAL WALTHER ~23,000 employees worldwide tyco

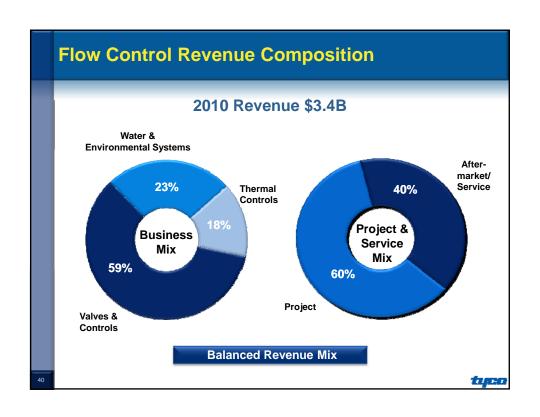


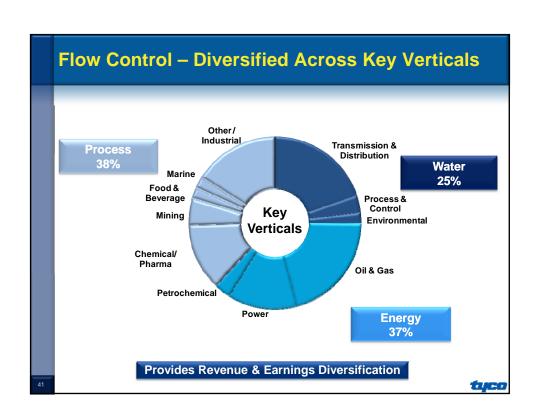






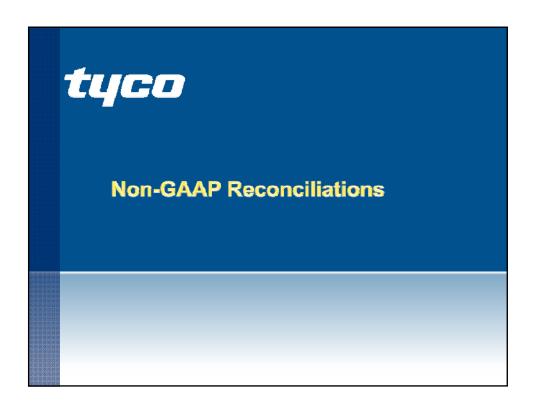


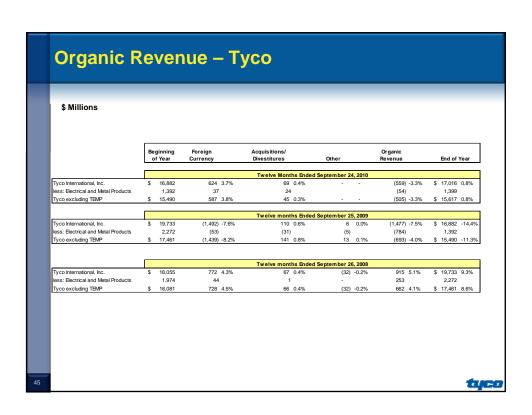




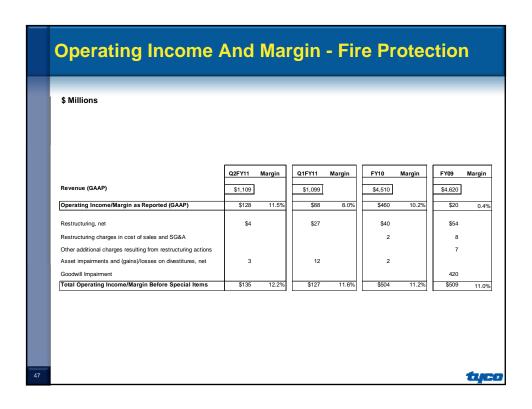
Flow Control - Three Business Platforms Water & Thermal **Valves & Controls Environmental Systems Controls** 2010 Revenue: ~\$0.6B 2010 Revenue: ~\$0.8B 2010 Revenue: ~\$2.0B Strong regional presence Global leader in A leading global provider with products and providing flow control in heat-tracing solutions services for water products and services Turn-key heat systems Products include valves, management systems for Delivery, transport, actuators and controls industrial applications storage and treatment of Products focus on Commercial and extreme pressure and residential products for temperature and severe floor warming, snow service needs melting and de-icing







		_		_		_	-		_	-
\$ Million	s									
	Beginning of Quarter (Div	estitures)	Adjusted 2010 Base Revenue	Foreign Currency	Acquisit	tions	Other		Organic Revenue	End of Q
				Quarter Ende	d March 25	5, 2011				
Fire Protection Flow Control	1,082 824	(12) -1.1% (2) -0.2%	1,070 822	17 1.6% 24 2.9%		- 0.0% 1 0.1%	(19)	-1.8% 0.0%	41 3.8% (43) -5.2%	\$ 1,109 \$ 804
				Quarter Ended	December	24, 2010				
Fire Protection Flow Control	1,112 832	(11) -1.0% (3) -0.4%	1,101 829	(1) -0.1% 7 0.8%		- 0.0% 4 0.5%	(18)	-1.6% 0.0%	17 1.5% (14) -1.7%	\$ 1,099 \$ 826
		Beginning of Year	Foreign Currency	Acquisitio (Divestitur		Organic Re	evenue		End of Year	
			Tv	welve Months Er	nded Sep	tember 24, 2	010			
	Fire Protection Flow Control	4,620 3,495	130 2.8% 218 6.2%	(37) 10	-0.8% 0.3%	(203) (350)	-4.4% -10.0%		4,510 -2.4% 3,373 -3.5%	
			T	welve Months Er	nded Sep	tember 25. 2	009			
	Fire Protection Flow Control	5,316 3.952	(375) -7.1% (418) -10.69	. ,	-0.1% -0.1%	(312)	-5.9% -1.6%		4,620 -13.1% 3,495 -11.6%	



Revenue \$ 2,59 Operating Income \$ 56 Restructuring and asset impairment charges, net \$ 5		NA 5 1,	44 \$		NA 4.436	\$	MEA	F	ROW				
Operating Income \$ 56		p 1,	44 3	φ.			1.738	\$	1.207	\$	oducts 353		lutions 7,734
	7 0				1,100	Ψ	1,730	-	1,207	Ψ	333	<u> </u>	7,734
Restructuring and asset impairment charges, net \$ 5	/ 3	•	87 \$	\$	754	\$	159	\$	142	\$	35	\$	1,090
	1 \$	5	2 \$	\$	53	\$	(14)	\$	9	\$	2	\$	50
	8 \$		89 \$		807	\$	145	\$	151		37		1,140
Operating Margin Before Special Items 23.8 Depreciation & Amortization \$ 68	% 0 \$		2% 69		18.2% 849	\$	8.3 % 73	\$	12.5% 97		10.5% 12		14.79 1,031
Adjusted EBITDA \$ 1,29	8 \$	5	58 \$	\$	1,656	\$	218	\$	248	\$	49	\$	2,171
Adjusted EBITDA Margin 50.1	%	19	4%		37.3%		12.5%		20.5%		13.9%		28.19

Total					Income from Continuing Operations	Diluted EPS from Continuing Operations Attributable
Operating Income	Interest Expense, net	Other Income, net	Income Taxes	Noncontrolling Interest	to Tyco Shareholders	to Tyco Shareholders
\$1,598	(\$253)	(\$75)	(\$138)	(\$7)	\$1,125	\$2.31
134			(42)		92	0.19
9			(3)		6	0.01
1					1	
(1)					(1)	
35			(11)		24	0.05
(38)			(4)		(42)	(0.09
10			(1)		9	0.02
-		87	(25)		62	0.13
-			32		32	0.00
\$1,748	(\$253)	\$12	(\$192)	(\$7)	\$1,308	\$2.6
1,634						
	\$1,598 134 9 1 (1) 35 (38) 10 - \$1,748	Operating Interest Expense, net 1,598 (\$253) 134 9 1 (1) 35 (38) 10 \$1,748 (\$253)	Operating Interest Other Income Nation Income Income Nation Income Income	Operating Interest Other Income Income Expense, net Income Interest Income Interest Income Interest Income Interest Income Interest Interest	Operating Interest Other Income Noncontrolling Interest S1,596 (\$253) (\$75) (\$138) (\$7)	Total Operating Interest Income St.5986 (\$253) (\$75) (\$138) (\$14)

M, except EPS	Total					Income from Continuing Operations Attributable	Diluted EPS from Continuin Operation Attributab
	Operating Income	Interest Expense, net	Other Income, net	Income Taxes	Noncontrolling Interest	to Tyco Shareholders	to Tyco Sharehold
Recasted (GAAP)	(\$1,506)	(\$257)	(\$7)	(\$71)	(\$4)	(\$1,845)	(\$3.
Restructuring, net	199			(53)		146	\$0.
Restructuring charges in cost of sales and SG&A	33			(11)		22	\$0.
Other additional charges resulting from restructuring actions	15			(4)		11	\$0.
(Gains) / losses on divestitures, net	15			(3)		12	\$0.
Intangible impairments	64			(25)		39	\$0.
Goodwill impairments	2,641			(41)		2,600	\$5.
Tax items	-			3		3	\$0.
Legacy legal items	114			4		118	\$0.
Total Before Special Items	\$1,575	(\$257)	(\$7)	(\$201)	(\$4)	\$1,106	\$2.
Less: TEMP before special items	(19)						
Operating income before special items, excluding TEMP	1,556						
Revenue Less: TFMP	16,882						
Less: IEMP	(1,392)						

Total Operating Interest Other Income Noncontrolling Interest Other Income Interest Intere	Total Operating Income								
Total Operating Interest Other Income Expense, net Income Expense, net Income Expense, net Income Interest	Total Operating Income Total Operating Inc	xcent FPS							
Total Interest Other Income Expense, net Income Interest Other Income Interest Interest	Total persating Interest Income Noncontrolling Interest to Type Shareholders Share							from Continuing	EPS from Continuing
Recasted (GAAP)	St.896 (\$284) (\$223) (\$326) (\$31) \$1,062 \$2.16		Operating					Attributable to Tyco	Attributable to Tyco
Restructuring, net 226 (65) 161 50. Restructuring charges in cost of sales and SG&A 28 (9) 19 50. Losses on divestitures 1	Restructuring net 226 (65) 161 \$0.33 Restructuring charges in cost of sales and SG&A 28 (9) 19 \$0.04 Losses on divestitures 1 1 1 Goodwill impairments 9 \$0.05 Tax items 21 21 21 \$0.04 Class-action settlement, net (10) (10) (\$0.05 Legacy legal items \$29 29 \$0.06 Resene adjustment (9) 3 (6) (\$0.05 Separation costs 5 47 225 (102) 175 \$0.36 Total Before Special items \$2.175 (\$237) \$2 (\$478) (\$31) \$1.461 \$2.96 Less: TEMP before special items (385) Operating income before special items, excluding 1,790 Revenue 19,733	1	Income	Expense, net	Income, net	Taxes	Interest	Shareholders	Shareholders
Restructuring charges in cost of sales and SG&A 28 (9) 19 \$0.	Restructuring charges in cost of sales and SG&A 28 (9) 19 \$0.04	ecasted (GAAP)	\$1,896	(\$284)	(\$223)	(\$326)	(\$1)	\$1,062	\$2.18
Classes on divestitures	Class-action settlement, net 1 21 21 50.06	estructuring, net	226			(65)		161	\$0.33
Goodwill impairments 9 \$0.	Separation costs Separation costs Separation costs Separation costs Separation special items Separation settlement Separation costs	estructuring charges in cost of sales and SG&A	28			(9)		19	\$0.04
Tax items 21 21 21 50. Class-action settlement, net (10) (30. Legacy legal items \$22 29 50. Reserve adjustment (9) 3 3 (6) (30. Separation costs 5 47 225 (102) 175 50. Total Before Special items \$2,175 (\$237) \$2 (\$478) (\$1) \$1,461 \$2. Less: TEMP before special items (285) Operating income before special items, excluding TEMP Revenue 19,733	Tax items 21 21 50.06 Class-action settlement, net (10) (\$50.02 Legacy legal items \$29 29 50.06 Reserve adjustment (9) 3 (6) (\$0.02 Separation costs 5 47 225 (102) 175 \$0.36 Total Before Special items \$2,175 (\$237) \$2 (\$478) (\$1) \$1,461 \$2.96 Less: TEMP before special items (385) Operating income before special items, excluding TEMP Revenue 19,733	sses on divestitures	1					1	-
Class-action settlement, net (10) (30. Legacy legal items \$29 \$50. Resence adjustment (9) \$3 \$(6) \$(50. Separation costs \$5 \$47 \$225 \$(102) \$175 \$90. [Total Before Special Items \$2,175 \$(\$237) \$2 \$(\$478) \$(\$51) \$1,461 \$32. Less: TEMP before special items, excluding TEMP Revenue \$19,733	Class-action settlement, net (10) (\$3.0.02 Legacy legal items \$29 \$5.0.06 (\$0.0.02 Separation costs \$5 47 225 (102) 175 \$0.36 (\$0.0.02 Separation costs \$5 47 225 (102) \$175 \$0.36 (\$0.0.02 Sep	podwill impairments	9					9	\$0.02
Legacy legal items	Legacy legal items	ıx items				21		21	\$0.04
Reserve adjustment	Reserve adjustment (9) 3 (6) (\$0.02	ass-action settlement, net	(10)					(10)	(\$0.02)
Separation costs 5 47 225 (102) 175 \$0.	Separation costs 5 47 225 (102) 175 \$0.36	agacy legal items	\$29					29	\$0.06
Total Before Special Items \$2,175 (\$237) \$2 (\$478) (\$1) \$1,461 \$2.	Total Before Special Items \$2,175 \$237) \$2 (\$478) \$1,461 \$2.95	eserve adjustment	(9)			3		(6)	(\$0.02)
Less: TEMP before special items (385) Operating income before special items, excluding 1,790 TEMP Revenue 19,733	Less: TEMP before special items Cperating income before special items, excluding TEMP Revenue 19,733	aparation costs	5	47	225	(102)		175	\$0.36
Operating income before special items, excluding 1,790 TEMP Revenue 19,733	Operating income before special items, excluding TEMP 1,790 Revenue 19,733	otal Before Special Items	\$2,175	(\$237)	\$2	(\$478)	(\$1)	\$1,461	\$2.99
		perating income before special items, excluding							
		evenue	19,733						
Less: IEMP (2,2/2)		ss: TEMP							
Revenue, excluding TEMP 17,461									

Non-GAAP Measures

"Organic revenue", "operating income" and "operating margin before special items" are non-GAAP measures and should not be considered replacements for GAAP results.

Organic revenue is a useful measure used by the company to measure the underlying results and trends in the business. The difference between reported net revenue (the most comparable GAAP measure) and organic revenue (the non-GAAP measure) consists of the impact from foreign currency, acquisitions and divestitures, and other changes that do not reflect the anderlying results and trends (for example, revenue reclassifications). Effective the first quarter of fiscal 2011, the Company's organic growth / decline calculations incorporate an estimate of prior year reported revenue associated with acquired entities that have been fully integrated within the first year (such as Broadview Security), and exclude prior year revenues associated with entities that do not meet the criteria for discontinued operations which have been divested within the past year. The rate of organic growth or decline is calculated based on the adjusted number to better reflect the rate of growth or decline of the combined business, in the case as of acquisitions, or the remaining business, in the case of dispositions. The rate of organic growth or decline for acquired businesses that are not fully integrated within the first year will continue to be based on unadjusted historical revenue. Organic revenue and the rate of organic growth or decline as presented herein may not be comparable to similarly titled measures reported by other companies.

Organic revenue is a useful measure of the company's performance because it excludes items that: i) are not completely under management's control, such as the impact of foreign currency exchange; or ii) do not reflect the underlying results of the company's businesses, such as acquisitions and divestitures. It may be used as a component of the company's compensation programs. The limitation of this measure is that it excludes items that have an impact on the company's revenue. This limitation is best addressed by using organic revenue in combination with the GAAP numbers. See the accompanying tables to this press release for the reconciliation presenting the components of organic

The company has presented its operating income and margin before special items. Special Items include charges and gains related to divestitures, acquisitions, restructurings, impairments, legacy legal and tax charges and other income or charges that may mask the underlying operating results and/or business trends of the company or business segment, as applicable. The company utilizes operating income and margin before special items to assess overall operating performance and segment level core operating performance, as well as to provide insight to management in evaluating overall and segment operating plan execution and underlying market conditions. They may be used as components in the company's incentive compensation plans. Operating income and operating margin, before special items are useful measures for investors because they permit more meaningful comparisons of the company's underlying operating results and business trends between periods. Operating income and margin before special items on tor reflect any additional adjustments that are not reflected in income from continuing operations before special items. The limitation of these measures is that they exclude the impact (which may be material) of items that increase or decrease the company's reported operating income and margin. This limitation is best addressed by using the non-GAAP measures in combination with the most comparable GAAP measures in order to better understand the amounts, character and impact of any increase or decrease on reported results.

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